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OFFICE OF PETITIONS

In re Application of

Application No. 10/624,861

Filed: July 21, 2003 : DECISION ON PETITION

Attorney Docket No. 23-0419 : UNDER 37 C.F.R. §1.181(A)

Title: CONFIGURABLE SURROUND

SOUND SYSTEM :

This is a decision on the petition under 37 C.F.R. §1.181(a) to withdraw the holding of abandonment, filed on April 11, 2006.

## BACKGROUND

The above-identified application became abandoned for failure to reply in a timely manner to the non-final Office action, mailed October 11, 2005, which set a shortened statutory period for reply of three (3) months. No response was received, and no extensions of time under the provisions of 37 C.F.R. §1.136(a) were requested. Accordingly, the above-identified application became abandoned on January 12, 2006.

## RELEVANT PORTION OF THE MPEP

MPEP \$711.03(c) states, in part:

PETITION TO WITHDRAW HOLDING OF ABANDONMENT BASED ON FAILURE TO RECEIVE OFFICE ACTION

In Delgar v. Schulyer, 172 USPQ 513 (D.D.C. 1971), the court decided that the Office should mail a new Notice of Allowance in view of the evidence presented in support of the contention that

the applicant's representative did not receive the original Notice of Allowance. Under the reasoning of Delgar, an allegation that an Office action was never received may be considered in a petition to withdraw the holding of abandonment. If adequately supported, the Office may grant the petition to withdraw the holding of abandonment and remail the Office action. That is, the reasoning of Delgar is applicable regardless of whether an application is held abandoned for failure to timely pay the issue fee (35 U.S.C. 151) or for failure to prosecute (35 U.S.C. 133).

To minimize costs and burdens to practitioners and the Office, the Office has modified the showing required to establish nonreceipt of an Office action. The showing required to establish nonreceipt of an Office communication must include a statement from the practitioner stating that the Office communication was not received by the practitioner and attesting to the fact that a search of the file jacket and docket records indicates that the Office communication was not received. A copy of the docket record where the nonreceived Office communication would have been entered had it been received and docketed must be attached to and referenced in practitioner's statement. For example, if a three month period for reply was set in the nonreceived Office action, a copy of the docket report showing all replies docketed for a date three months from the mail date of the nonreceived Office action must be submitted as documentary proof of nonreceipt of the Office action. See Notice entitled "Withdrawing the Holding of Abandonment When Office Actions Are Not Received," 1156 O.G. 53 (November 16, 1993).

The showing outlined above may not be sufficient if there are circumstances that point to a conclusion that the Office action may have been lost after receipt rather than a conclusion that the Office action was lost in the mail (e.g., if the practitioner has a history of not receiving Office actions).

Evidence of nonreceipt of an Office communication or action (e.g., Notice of Abandonment or an advisory action) other than that action to which reply was required to avoid abandonment would not warrant withdrawal of the holding of abandonment. Abandonment takes place by operation of law for failure to reply to an Office action or timely pay the issue fee, not by operation of the mailing of a Notice of Abandonment. See Lorenz v. Finkl, 333 F.2d 885, 889-90, 142 USPQ 26, 29-30 (CCPA 1964); Krahn v. Commissioner, 15 USPQ2d 1823, 1824 (E.D. Va 1990); In re Application of Fischer, 6 USPQ2d 1573, 1574 (Comm'r Pat. 1988).

Two additional procedures are available for reviving an application that has become abandoned due to a failure to reply to an Office Action: (1) a petition under 37 CFR 1.137(a) based upon unavoidable delay; and (2) a petition under 37 CFR 1.137(b) based on unintentional delay.

See also 1156 O.G. 53 (October 25, 1993), which may be viewed at  $\frac{\text{http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/com/sol/og/con/files/cons074.htm}$ 

## ANALYSIS

With the present petition, Petitioner has alleged that the mailing was not received, has set forth that he has searched both the file jacket and the docket records, and has included copies of the latter.

## CONCLUSION

Considering the facts and circumstances of the delay at issue, as set forth on petition, it is concluded that petitioner has met his burden of establishing that the mailing was not received.

Accordingly, the petition under 37 C.F.R. §1.181(a) is **GRANTED**. The holding of abandonment is **WITHDRAWN**.

The Technology Center will be notified of this decision. The Technology Center's support staff will re-mail the non-final action of October 11, 2005, and will set a new period for response.

Telephone inquiries regarding this decision should be directed to the undersigned at (571) 272-3225. All other inquiries concerning examination procedures or status of the application should be directed to the Technology Center.

It is noted in passing that Petitioner's assertion that the Patent Application Location and Monitoring (PALM) software reflects the receipt of a change of correspondence address which does not appear in the electronic file. This notation will be deleted from the record, in due course.

It is further noted that the non-final Office action was returned to the Office as undeliverable. The correspondence address has been changed, as requested, to the customer number which appears on the Power of Attorney which was received on March 1, 2004.

Paul Shanoski Senior Attorney Office of Petitions

United States Patent and Trademark Office

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